1. Exoplanet Detection using Transit Photometry

Goal: Use machine learning to detect dips in stellar brightness that indicate exoplanets.

- Tools: Python, Scikit-learn, TensorFlow/Keras, Lightkurve library
- Datasets: NASA Kepler, TESS
- Resources:
 - Kepler ML Tutorial
 - Lightkurve Docs

2. Galaxy Morphological Classification using Deep Learning

Goal: Train a CNN to classify galaxy shapes (e.g., spiral, elliptical) from images.

- Tools: TensorFlow, PyTorch, OpenCV
- Dataset: Galaxy Zoo
- Resources:
 - Galaxy Zoo ML Paper
 - FastAl or TensorFlow image classification tutorials

3. Supernova Detection and Classification

Goal: Use LSTM or other temporal models to detect supernovae from light curve data.

- **Tools**: Keras, Pandas, Scikit-learn
- Dataset: Supernova Photometric Classification Challenge (SPCC)
- Resources:

- <u>Harvard Astrophysics Supernovae Resources</u>
- Time Series ML Guides

6 4. Gravitational Wave Event Detection

Goal: Train neural networks to identify gravitational wave signals in noisy data.

- **Tools**: PyTorch, TensorFlow
- Dataset: LIGO Open Science Center
- Resources:
 - Kaggle GWD Challenge
 - <u>GW ML Paper</u>

5. Star Cluster Identification in Astronomical Images

Goal: Use unsupervised learning (e.g., K-means, DBSCAN) to detect star clusters in dense stellar fields.

- Tools: Scikit-learn, Astropy, matplotlib
- Dataset: Gaia Archive
- Resources:
 - Gaia DR3 ML Papers
 - Scikit-learn clustering tutorials

6. Meteor Shower Classification from Radio Data

Goal: Analyze and classify meteor showers using radio signal traces and ML.

- Tools: Librosa (audio analysis), TensorFlow
- **Dataset**: Radio astronomy observatories (manual collection or public datasets)
- Resources:
 - Radio Meteor Detection
 - Librosa Audio Analysis Guide



Goal: Apply ML models to time-series data to predict solar flares or coronal mass ejections.

- Tools: LSTM, XGBoost, Prophet
- Dataset: <u>NASA's Heliophysics Data Portal</u>, GOES Satellite Data
- Resources:
 - NOAA Solar Dataset
 - <u>AI for Space Weather</u>

8. Mapping Dark Matter with Weak Lensing Data

Goal: Use ML to estimate gravitational lensing distortions and infer dark matter distribution.

- Tools: Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs), Autoencoders
- Dataset: LSST Simulated Data
- Resources:
 - Euclid Weak Lensing Resources
 - Dark Energy Survey ML

9. Anomaly Detection in Satellite Telescope Data

Goal: Use unsupervised ML to find unexpected or rare astrophysical events in telescope imagery.

- Tools: Autoencoders, Isolation Forest
- **Dataset**: Zwicky Transient Facility (ZTF)
- Resources:
 - Outlier Detection with ML
 - AstroAnomaly Toolkit

Transformed Telescope Scheduling and Observation Planning

Goal: Use reinforcement learning to optimize telescope pointing and data acquisition.

- Tools: Reinforcement Learning (RLlib, OpenAI Gym), optimization libraries
- Dataset: Custom simulation or scheduling logs
- Resources:
 - AstroRL Papers
 - <u>RL for Astronomical Observation</u>